

## Audited Financial Statements (and Other Information)

Faculty Clinic, Inc. (A Component Unit of the University of Florida)

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

## Audited Financial Statements (and Other Information)

## Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	,
Audited Financial Statements	
Statements of Net Position	)
Other Financial Information	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards – Independent Auditor's Report	



PYA, P.C. 3000 Bayport Drive, Suite 580 Tampa, FL 33607 p: (727) 442-7110 | f: (865) 673-0173

www.pyapc.com

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Directors of Faculty Clinic, Inc.:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Faculty Clinic, Inc. (the Clinic) (a component unit of the University of Florida), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clinic's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Clinic's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the Faculty Clinic, Inc., as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 to 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2018 on our consideration of the Clinic's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clinic's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PYA, P.C.

Tampa, Florida September 20, 2018



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

This discussion and analysis of the Faculty Clinic, Inc.'s (the Clinic) financial statements is intended to provide an overview of its financial results for the year ended June 30, 2018. This section, along with the financial statements and related footnotes, has been prepared by, and is the responsibility of, management. This discussion should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the financial statements and footnotes.

The Clinic was restructured in 1995 to operate primarily as a facilities management company and lease space to University of Florida Jacksonville Physicians, Inc. (UFJP) and Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc. (Shands Jacksonville). The Clinic has no direct employees. All staff are employees of University of Florida Jacksonville Physicians, Inc. and leased to the Clinic.

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Clinic's net position decreased by \$26,300 for fiscal year 2018 as compared to a decrease of \$12,734 in the prior fiscal year. The structure of the Clinic is such that its purpose is to maintain the building and equipment and collect sufficient rent to cover operating expenses and fund the debt service on the bonds outstanding from the Series 1989 bond issue.

Total assets decreased by \$718,124 or 22.3%. Current assets decreased by \$290,395 during the fiscal year, while net capital assets decreased by \$427,729. These changes will be explained in detail later in this discussion.

Total liabilities decreased by \$691,824 or 41.0%. The decline in total liabilities was primarily due to payment of the annual bond principal installment. Scheduled annual principal bond payments are due July 1<sup>st</sup> of each year.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The series of financial statements making up this annual report have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. One of the basic tenets followed by the Clinic is the accounting for income and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting wherein income and expenses are recorded when earned and incurred irrespective of the cash transaction. Refer to Note B to the financial statements for a further discussion of accounting and reporting policies.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

#### CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

	June 30,					Increase	Percent
		2018		2017	a	Decrease)	Change
ASSETS							
CURRENT ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	957,650	\$	1,200,656	\$	(243,006)	-20.2%
Prepaid expenses and other current							
assets		16,553		20,007		(3,454)	-17.3%
Due from related parties		-		43,935		(43,935)	-100.0%
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		974,203		1,264,598		(290,395)	-23.0%
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		1,527,273		1,955,002		(427,729)	-21.9%
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,501,476	\$	3,219,600	\$	(718,124)	-22.3%

Total assets as of June 30, 2018 were \$2,501,476 compared to \$3,219,600 at June 30, 2017. Cash and cash equivalents of \$957,650 as of June 30, 2018 were \$243,006 lower than at June 30, 2017. This was due to annual bond payment of \$700,000 being made on June 30, 2018, as well as capital purchases. Another major factor in the decrease of total assets was the drop in net capital assets of \$427,729. Prepaid expenses and other current assets had a decrease of \$3,454. The due from related parties which had a balance of \$43,935 at June 30, 2017 for a lease payment from Shands Jacksonville is now at \$0, as the hospital was current on all of their payments.

	June 30,					Increase	Percent	
		2018	2017		(Decrease)		Change	
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET								
Building	\$	1,445,631	\$	1,859,402	\$	(413,771)	-22.3%	
Equipment		81,642		95,600		(13,958)	-14.6%	
CAPITALIZED ASSETS, NET	\$	1,527,273	\$	1,955,002	\$_	(427,729)	-21.9%	

The Clinic's largest asset classification is capital assets. The Clinic's investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, is \$1,527,273 at June 30, 2018, a decrease from that at June 30, 2017 of \$427,729 or 21.9%. Additional building components and equipment purchased during the year, before accumulated depreciation and net of current year retirements, were \$52,855. The most significant additions during the year were replacement of various HVAC components for about \$48,000 and approximately \$4,900 for new door controls. Accumulated depreciation on the building and equipment at the end of 2017 was \$12,709,791 or 3.9% greater than last year.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

	June 30,			Increase		Percent	
		2018		2017	(Decrease)		Change
LIABILITIES							
CURRENT LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable and accrued							
expenses	\$	137,554	\$	126,049	\$	11,505	9.1%
Accrued contract labor		21,391		25,021		(3,630)	-14.5%
Due to related parties		36,101		35,800		301	0.8%
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		195,046		186,870		8,176	4.4%
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES							
Bonds payable		800,000		1,500,000		(700,000)	-46.7%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	995,046	\$	1,686,870	\$	(691,824)	-41.0%

The largest liability of the Clinic is the outstanding bonds payable of \$800,000 remaining from the issuance of \$8,500,000 in Industrial Development Revenue Bonds Series 1989 (the Bonds). This balance was reduced from \$1,500,000 at prior year end with a payment of \$700,000 made on June 29, 2018. This was the payment that was due on July 1, 2018 which fell on a Sunday. Because of the early payment, there is no current portion of the long-term liability as of June 30, 2018. See Note E to the financial statements for a detailed discussion of the Bonds, scheduled maturities, and progression of the balance.

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at June 30, 2018 increased by \$11,505 from June 30, 2017, due to the timing of payments made. Accrued contract labor decreased by \$3,630 at June 30, 2018, while amounts due to related parties had a slight increase of \$301 at year end. See Note F to the financial statements.

## CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Year Ended June 30,			Increase		Percent	
			2018		2017	(D)	ecrease)	Change
REVENUE:								
Rental income		\$	1,212,897	\$	1,204,979	\$	7,918	0.7%
State Operating and N	Maintenance							
(O&M) funding			336,222		336,222		_	0.0%
	TOTAL REVENUE		1,549,119		1,541,201		7,918	0.5%

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

	Year Ended June 30,			Increase	Percent
		2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change
EXPENSES:					
Contract labor		293,461	283,307	10,154	3.6%
Fees		109,274	123,546	(14,272)	-11.6%
Depreciation and amortization		480,584	474,800	5,784	1.2%
Other operating expenses		653,907	628,116	25,791	4.1%
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,537,226	1,509,769	27,457	1.8%
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		11,893	31,432	(19,539)	-62.2%
NET NONOPERATING EXPENSE		(38,193)	(44,166)	(5,973)	-13.5%
DECREASE IN NET POSITION	\$	(26,300) \$	(12,734)	(13,566)	106.5%

Revenue: Revenue is generated from lease payments for clinical and office space from UFJP and Shands Jacksonville and also consists of Operating and Maintenance (O&M) funding granted by the State Legislature for the space occupied by University of Florida (UF) functions. Rental income of \$1,212,897 increased by less than 1% from fiscal year 2017. State O&M funding remained flat from the prior fiscal year. This funding from the state of Florida flows through the University of Florida.

Operating Expenses: Operating expenses totaled \$1,537,226 for fiscal year 2018, up by \$27,457 or 1.8% from the prior year. Contract labor increased by 3.6% or \$10,154 from fiscal year 2017. There was a 2% pay increase effective January 1, 2018, as well as a 0.2 FTE increase for the year. Fees were lower by \$14,272 or 11.6% due to a decrease in temporary services. Depreciation and amortization increased by \$5,784, a result of the additional capital assets purchased over the last two years. The other operating expenses category had an increase of \$25,791 or 4.1% over prior year. The primary contributor to this increase was the significant rise in repairs and maintenance which increased by over \$63,000 or 26.9%. The two largest expenses in fiscal year 2018 were HVAC repairs of over \$58,000 and retreading the stairwells at a cost of nearly \$38,000. There were some non-reoccurring expenses from fiscal year 2017, such as cleaning and painting the exterior of the building at a cost of over \$35,000. Utility Expenses continued to decrease, with electric expense declining by \$34,238 or 13.6% and water and sewer expense dropping by \$2,003. Supplies expense also went down by 4.0% or approximately \$3,100.

Nonoperating Items: The main component of nonoperating items is interest expense, which consists of interest expense on the bonds as well as other bond related costs. This category fell by \$4,378 from fiscal year 2017. Interest expense on the bonds increased by \$1,885. The interest rate on the bonds was at 0.95% at the beginning of the year, dropped to 0.82% during the first quarter, climbed steadily to 1.86% by early fourth quarter before ending the year at 1.55% on June 30, 2018. The letter of credit expense and remarketing fees decreased by \$5,423. Interest income remained relatively flat at \$1,132. Thus, the overall change in net nonoperating expenses from year to year was a decrease of \$5,973 or 13.5%.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

#### CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended June 30,				1	Increase	Percent
		2018		2017	(1	Decrease)	Change
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	534,349	\$	518,625	\$	15,724	3.0%
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(778,487)		(1,363,309)		584,822	-42.9%
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,132		601,011		(599,879)	-99.8%
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(243,006)		(243,673)		667	-0.3%
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,200,656		1,444,329		(243,673)	-16.9%
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	957,650	\$	1,200,656	\$	(243,006)	-20.2%

Overall there was a \$243,006 decline in the cash balance from fiscal year 2018 to fiscal year 2017, with an ending cash balance of \$957,650.

Cash Provided By Operating Activities: Cash provided by operating activities rose from \$518,625 to \$534,349, an increase of \$15,724 or 3.0%. Receipts from rentals increased by \$7,918 from fiscal year 2017 to \$1,212,897 while receipts of contributions from State O&M funding remained flat at \$336,222. Payments to suppliers and for operating expenses decreased by 2.3% or \$16,733 in 2018 to \$717,679 while payments related to contract labor increased by 3.1% or \$8,927 from 2017 to a total of \$297,091.

Cash Used In Capital and Related Financing Activities: The largest use of cash for capital and related financing activities was for the principal payments on long-term debt of \$700,000, a decrease of \$500,000 from the prior year. Two payments were made during fiscal year 2017, on July 1 and June 30, thus leading to a higher use of cash. Cash used for building improvements and equipment purchases was \$39,162 representing a decrease of 67.3% or \$80,444 from the amount used in fiscal year 2017, as more was spent on building repairs than capital items. Additional capital purchases were previously explained in the Capital Asset section of this discussion. Payments for interest expense on outstanding bonds and related financing costs were \$39,325 which was \$4,378 less than prior year. In total, there was a \$584,822 decrease in cash used in capital and related financing activities for fiscal year 2018 as compared to fiscal year 2017.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

Cash Provided By Investing Activities: The net cash provided by investing activities was only \$1,132 in fiscal year 2018 as the sole source was interest income. In fiscal year 2017 \$600,000 which was in the restricted asset account was provided to pay the second bond payment. The interest income was \$1,011 in fiscal year 2017.

#### ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

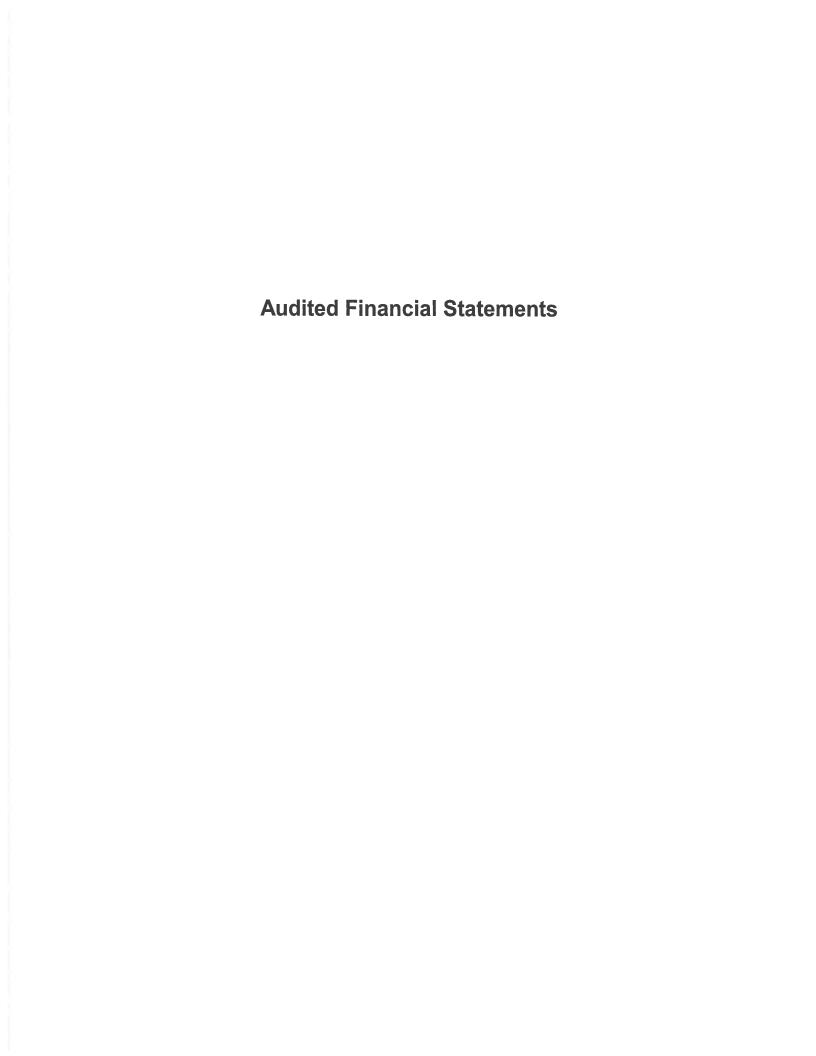
As a facilities management company, the Clinic will continue to have key challenges in the coming years related to fluctuating interest rates, utility costs, and increasing repair and maintenance costs on the building and equipment due to aging.

The variable rate bonds issued by the Clinic have an outstanding balance of \$800,000 at June 30, 2018 with the final payment due to be made on July 1, 2019 (in fiscal year 2020). While the interest rate on those bonds remained at relatively low levels throughout fiscal year 2018, there was a steady increase during the year which saw the rate rise from 0.95% on June 30, 2017 to nearly 2% during the year, before dropping to 1.55% on June 30, 2018. Economic conditions could lead to further rate increases in the coming year. However this should have minimal impact on the financial performance of the Clinic, as only one payment remains. As the interest rates on the bonds have remained low, so have the interest rates on various interest-bearing cash and cash equivalent accounts.

The Clinic will continue to face pressure from rising costs of facility and maintenance expenses due to the age of the building. Steps have been taken over the past several years for the Clinic to be more energy efficient. Electric expense decreased 13.6% from fiscal year 2017 after decreasing by 1.2% from fiscal year 2016 to 2017. Water and sewer expense also decreased about 3.6% from the prior year. Based on recent history, repairs to the HVAC systems will continue to be a need of the Clinic. Major repair or replacement items scheduled for fiscal year 2019 include flooring replacement for \$18,500 and replacement of the double doors at the tunnel with a projected cost of \$49,000. In future years, there will be a need to upgrade the elevators in the building. Lease rates are projected to remain flat for fiscal year 2019. As the bonds are due to be paid off at the start of fiscal year 2020, changes in lease rates for future years will be driven mainly by facility operating and maintenance costs.

#### CONTACTING THE CLINIC

This financial report is designed to provide the Clinic's Board of Directors, its creditors, and the Board of Trustees of the University of Florida with a general overview of the Clinic's financial position, operations and cash flows. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Financial Reporting Department of the Clinic at (904) 244-9500.



## Statements of Net Position

		June	30	30,		
		2018		2017		
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	957,650	\$	1,200,656		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		16,553		20,007		
Due from Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc.		_		43,935		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		974,203		1,264,598		
CAPITAL ASSETS:						
Building and improvements		10,370,874		10,323,925		
Equipment		3,866,190		3,860,284		
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS		14,237,064		14,184,209		
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(12,709,791)		(12,229,207)		
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS NET OF ACCUMULATED						
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		1,527,273		1,955,002		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,501,476	\$	3,219,600		
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	127 554	\$	126.040		
Accrued contract labor	Þ	137,554 21,391	Ф	126,049 25,021		
Due to University of Florida Jacksonville Physicians, Inc.		36,101		35,800		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		195,046		186,870		
LONG-TERM DEBT		800,000		1,500,000		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		995,046		1,686,870		
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - Note H		<i>&gt;&gt;</i> <b>2,010</b>		1,000,070		
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets		727,273		455,002		
		779,157		1,077,728		
Unrestricted						
-		1,506,430		1,532,730		

## Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30,					
		2018		2017		
REVENUE:						
Rental income	\$	1,212,897	\$	1,204,979		
State operating and maintenance funding		336,222		336,222		
TOTAL REVENUE		1,549,119		1,541,201		
EXPENSES:						
Contract labor		293,461		283,307		
Fees		109,274		123,546		
Depreciation and amortization		480,584		474,800		
Insurance, repairs and maintenance		298,053		233,720		
Supplies		74,847		77,939		
Utilities and other		281,007		316,457		
TOTAL EXPENSES		1,537,226		1,509,769		
OPERATING INCOME		11,893		31,432		
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE):						
Interest income		1,132		1,011		
Interest and related financing expense		(39,325)		(43,703)		
Loss on disposal of capital assets		_		(1,474)		
NET NONOPERATING EXPENSE		(38,193)		(44,166)		
DECREASE IN NET POSITION		(26,300)		(12,734)		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,532,730		1,545,464		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	1,506,430	\$	1,532,730		

## Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended June 30		
	 2018	2017	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from rentals	\$ 1,212,897 \$	1,204,979	
Receipt of contributions from State operating and		, ,	
maintenance funding	336,222	336,222	
Payments to suppliers and for operating expenses	(717,679)	(734,412)	
Payments related to contract labor	 (297,091)	(288,164)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	534,349	518,625	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of capital assets	(39,162)	(119,606)	
Principal payments on long-term debt	(700,000)	(1,200,000)	
Interest and related financing costs paid	 (39,325)	(43,703)	
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND			
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(778,487)	(1,363,309)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Investment income received	1,132	1,011	
Cash transferred from assets limited as to use	 -	600,000	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1,132	601,011	
NET DECREASE IN			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(243,006)	(243,673)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,		` , ,	
BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,200,656	1,444,329	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,			
END OF YEAR	\$ 957,650 \$	1,200,656	

## Statements of Cash Flows - Continued

	Year Ended June 30,				
	 2018		2017		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME					
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income	\$ 11,893	\$	31,432		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	,	,	,		
cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	480,584		474,800		
Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in:	,		,		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,454		(6,753)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,188)		27,320		
Accrued contract labor	(3,630)		(4,857)		
Due to University of Florida Jacksonville					
Physicians, Inc.	301		2,515		
Due from Shands Jacksonville Medical					
Center, Inc.	43,935		(5,832)		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 534,349	\$	518,625		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF					
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Capital asset additions in accounts payable	\$ 13,693	\$	-		

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

#### **NOTE A--REPORTING ENTITY**

Faculty Clinic, Inc. (the Clinic) is a nonprofit, tax-exempt corporation originally organized to operate a multi-specialty medical clinic providing outpatient diagnostic and ambulatory surgical care and to further medical education. The Clinic's Board of Directors includes representation from Shands Jacksonville Medical Center, Inc. (Shands Jacksonville), the University of Florida (the University) and University of Florida Jacksonville Physicians, Inc. (UFJP).

Effective January 1, 1995, the Clinic was restructured to operate primarily as a facilities management company that leases defined practice areas to Shands Jacksonville and UFJP.

#### NOTE B--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows of the Clinic. The Clinic is a component unit of the University and, as a result, the Clinic's financial statements are included in the combined financial statements of the University.

The Clinic's accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to public colleges and universities, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Clinic has elected to report as an entity engaged in only business-type activities. This election requires the adoption of the accrual basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting: The Clinic's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenue, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from non-exchange activities are generally recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. The Clinic follows GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The Clinic considers all highly liquid investments including cash and interest-bearing deposits with original or remaining maturities of less than 90 days when purchased, excluding assets limited as to use, as cash equivalents for purposes of reporting cash flows.

Capital Assets: The Clinic's capital assets are reported at historical cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the various classes of assets which range from 3 to 30 years. Gains and losses on dispositions are recorded in the year

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

of disposal. The Clinic periodically reviews capital assets for impairment whenever events indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized if the sum of the expected cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) is less than the carrying amount of the asset.

Net Position: Net position of the Clinic is classified in components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the remaining balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted is net position that must be used for a particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors, or contributors external to the Clinic. Unrestricted is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted. The Clinic had no restricted net position at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Operating Revenue and Expenses: The Clinic's statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenue and expenses. Operating revenue results from exchange transactions associated with the rental of Clinic space, the Clinic's principal activity, and state operating and maintenance funding. Other revenue, including interest income, is reported as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred other than financing costs and other nonoperating gains/losses.

Income Taxes: The Clinic is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is also exempt from state income taxes. The Internal Revenue Code provides for taxation of certain unrelated business income. The Clinic has no taxable unrelated business income. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been included in the accompanying financial statements. There were no uncertain tax positions. Tax returns for the years ended June 30, 2015 through 2018 are subject to examination by taxing authorities.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Future results could differ from those estimates.

Recently Issued/Adopted Accounting Pronouncements: In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases, which requires balance sheet recognition of a liability and right-to-use asset for substantially all leases with a maximum possible term exceeding 12 months. The lease liability is measured at the present value of payments made during the lease term. In later periods, the lessee should amortize the discount of the lease liability and report it as an outflow of resources (interest expense) for the period. The lease asset is measured as the sum of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, lease payments made to the lessor

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

at/before the beginning of the lease term, and any initial direct costs. A lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset and reported as an amortization expense. The Statement requires a disclosure of the general description of the leasing arrangements within the footnotes to the financial statements. For leases that have been significantly affected by the existence of related parties, the Statement indicates that accounting should be modified as necessary, and the nature and extent of these transactions should be disclosed. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019; early adoption is permitted. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of the Statement on the financial statements.

#### NOTE C--ASSETS LIMITED AS TO USE

Assets limited as to use consists of cash funds required to be held in a bond escrow account in an amount equal to the current bond payment, which is due July 1 of each year, as required by the letter of credit (see Note E). Interest earned on deposits to this account is not restricted. As of June 30, 2018 and 2017, there were no assets limited as to use due to the July 1, 2018 and 2017 bond payments being paid prior to the respective year end.

#### NOTE D--CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

	_	alance at June 30, 2017	A	dditions	Re	etirements	T	ransfers	Balance at June 30, 2018
Capital assets:									
Building and improvements	\$	10,323,925	\$	46,949	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 10,370,874
Equipment		3,860,284		5,906		-		-	3,866,190
Total capital assets		14,184,209		52,855		-		-	14,237,064
Accumulated depreciation:									
Building and improvements		8,464,523		460,720		-		-	8,925,243
Equipment		3,764,684		19,864		_		-	3,784,548
Total accumulated depreciation		12,229,207		480,584					12,709,791_
Capital assets, net	\$	1,955,002	\$	(427,729)	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 1,527,273

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Balance at June 30, 2016		A	dditions	Re	tirements	Transfers		Balance at June 30, 2017	
Capital assets:										
Building and improvements	\$	10,218,413	\$	111,034	\$	(5,522)	\$	-	\$	10,323,925
Equipment		3,851,712		8,572				-		3,860,284
Total capital assets		14,070,125		119,606		(5,522)		-		14,184,209
Accumulated depreciation:										
Building and improvements		8,013,796		454,775		(4,048)		-		8,464,523
Equipment		3,744,659		20,025				-		3,764,684
Total accumulated depreciation		11,758,455		474,800		(4,048)		_		12,229,207
Capital assets, net	\$	2,311,670	\$	(355,194)	\$	(1,474)	\$	_	\$	1,955,002

#### NOTE E--LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2017		Issuances		Payments		Balance at June 30, 2018		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Liabilities:										
Series 1989 Bonds	\$	1,500,000	\$	_	\$	(700,000)	\$	800,000	\$	_
		alance at						alance at	Amounts Due	
	Jun	e 30, 2016	Issuances			Payments	Jun	e 30, 2017	Within One Yea	ır_
Liabilities:										
Series 1989 Bonds	\$	2,700,000	\$	_	\$	(1,200,000)	\$	1,500,000	\$	_

On January 31, 1989, the City of Jacksonville, Florida issued \$8,500,000 in variable rate Industrial Development Revenue Bonds Series 1989 (the Bonds) on behalf of the Clinic to finance the construction of a new facility. The Bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption in varying amounts, on July 1<sup>st</sup> of each year, commencing July 1, 1991 and continuing through 2019, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount to be redeemed, plus interest accrued to the redemption date but without premium. The Bonds are subject to conversion to a fixed rate, at the Clinic's option, upon proper notice to the bondholders. Bondholders have a seven-day tender option available prior to the conversion date during which time the bondholders may request the trustee to purchase any outstanding bonds plus accrued interest.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Interest on the Bonds is payable quarterly until redemption. In the event of conversion to a fixed rate, interest is payable monthly. The interest rate may be adjusted on a weekly basis to maintain marketability of the Bonds as determined by the remarketing agent. The interest rate on the bonds was 1.55% and 0.95% at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Bond principal and interest payments are collateralized by an irrevocable transferrable letter of credit with Branch Banking & Trust Company (BB&T) in the amount of \$800,000 at June 30, 2018.

The BB&T letter of credit is collateralized by a first priority interest in the Bonds and gross revenue of the Clinic. The letter of credit agreement, which is guaranteed by UFJP, Shands Jacksonville and Shands Jacksonville Healthcare, Inc., expires August 1, 2019. The BB&T letter of credit requires UFJP as a joint and individual guarantor to meet, on a combined basis, certain other financial covenants such as maintaining established fixed charge coverage and minimum unrestricted cash and investments to funded debt ratios. The calculation of these ratios is to also include the excess (deficiency) of revenue and transfers over expenditures in the University's Miscellaneous Gifts and Grants Fund that is attributable to UFJP. UFJP was in compliance with the covenants at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

The future estimated debt service requirements of the Bonds, based on the interest rate in effect at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	p	rincipal	T	nterest	Total
		rincipui		itter est	 Total
2019	\$	-	\$	12,400	\$ 12,400
2020		800,000		-	800,000
	\$	800,000	\$	12,400	\$ 812,400

The bond payment which was due July 1, 2018 was paid prior to June 30, 2018.

#### NOTE F--RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 1995, the Clinic, as lessor, entered into operating lease agreements with UFJP and Shands Jacksonville for the lease of certain office space and equipment through January 1, 2031.

The rental income the Clinic receives is subject to adjustment based on current operating and financing expenses with a view toward passing the costs of the space and equipment to UFJP and Shands Jacksonville.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

The following are the future estimated rental payments the Clinic expects to receive on the previously described operating lease arrangements with UFJP and Shands Jacksonville:

Year Ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 1,207,481
2020	1,207,481
2021	1,207,481
2022	1,207,481
2023	1,207,481
2024-2028	6,037,405
2029-2031	 3,018,702
	\$ 15,093,512

The Clinic received all rent owed from UFJP and Shands Jacksonville for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

University of Florida Jacksonville Physicians, Inc.: The Clinic owed \$36,101 and \$35,800 to UFJP for insurance, management fees and other expenses at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Additionally, UFJP charged the Clinic a management fee of \$45,000 in each of the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, which is included in fees expense in the accompanying statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position.

The Clinic has no employees. All staffing is provided by UFJP on a contract basis and is recognized as contract labor expense in the statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Shands Jacksonville: The Clinic had a net receivable from Shands Jacksonville of \$43,935 for rental income at June 30, 2017. There was no net receivable from Shands Jacksonville at June 30, 2018.

State O&M Funding: During 2003, the State approved Operating & Maintenance (O&M) funding for the Clinic. Such funding amounted to \$336,222 for each of the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. State O&M funding is appropriated for repairs and maintenance expenditures.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

#### NOTE G--RETIREMENT PLAN

The Clinic established a defined contribution retirement plan under Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code in December 1987 for eligible employees. There were no contributions to this plan in 2018 and 2017. The current staff are all employees of UFJP and are leased to the Clinic. These employees participate in the UFJP defined contribution plan. Retirement contributions for these employees were \$5,571 and \$5,740 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

#### NOTE H--COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lease Agreement: Effective January 1, 1989, the Clinic and the University of Florida Board of Trustees entered into a sublease agreement related to the land which the Clinic occupies. The lease agreement provides for the Clinic to make annual payments of \$1 through January 1, 2031. The lease term may be extended so long as any principal, premium or interest on any bonds remains unpaid. Renewals beyond the initial term shall be subject to such additional terms as the parties may agree. The land is leased by the University of Florida Board of Trustees from the Duval County Hospital Authority and Shands Jacksonville.

*Professional Liability Insurance:* The Clinic is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters.

The Clinic ceased providing medical care and treatment January 1, 1995; however, the Clinic continues to maintain professional liability protection on an occurrence basis from the University of Florida J. Hillis Miller Health Center/Jacksonville Self-Insurance Program, a self-insurance program created and administered by the Florida Board of Governors pursuant to Section 1004.24, Florida Statutes. There are no professional medical malpractice claims currently pending against the Clinic and none can be reasonably anticipated given Florida's two-year statute of limitations and four-year statute of repose (s. 95.11, Florida Statutes) for such claims. Professional liability protection is obtained by the Clinic primarily to provide for the defense costs necessarily incurred to respond to and defend any unsupported allegations and litigation filed against the Clinic.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Certain financial instruments potentially subject the Clinic to concentrations of credit risk. The Clinic maintains its cash and cash equivalents with what it believes to be high quality financial institutions and thus limits its credit exposure. The cash maintained in these institutions may from time to time exceed federally insured limits; however, management believes the credit risk to be minimal.

#### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

#### NOTE I--FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management estimates that the carrying value of its financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, prepaid expenses and other current assets, assets limited as to use, accounts payable and accrued expenses, accrued salaries and benefits and other current liabilities are at fair value or approximate fair value due to the nature and short-term maturities of these instruments. Management also estimates that the carrying value of its long-term debt approximates fair value due to the variable rate and weekly remarketing feature.

#### NOTE J--SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. During this period, management did not note any material recognizable subsequent events that required recognition or disclosure in the June 30, 2018 financial statements.





PYA, P.C. 3000 Bayport Drive, Suite 580

Tampa, FL 33607

p: (727) 442-7110 | f: (865) 673-0173

www.pyapc.com

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Faculty Clinic, Inc.:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Faculty Clinic, Inc. (the Clinic) (a component unit of the University of Florida), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements (a component unit of the University of Florida), which collectively comprise the Clinic's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2018.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clinic's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinic's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinic's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Clinic's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clinic's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinic's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clinic's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PYA. P.C.

Tampa, Florida September 20, 2018